

# STREET RACING RELATES TO FAIR WEEK

### BELIEVE SHAY UNDER INFLUENCE OF LIQUOR

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 16.—The state had virtually completed its case when court adjourned this evening in the trial of Dan Shay, former American Association baseball manager, charged with murder for the death of Clarence Euell, negro waiter in a local hotel cafe. Police officers who arrested Shay after the shooting testified today that Shay told them he shot the negro because he called him an unprintable epithet. The officers said they believed Shay was under the influence of liquor.

### PLEA FROM FARM FOR CO-OPERATION AGAINST AUTOCRACY

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 16.—A plea from the farm for closer co-operation with other branches of the nation's industries to the end that victory over autocracy might sooner be achieved, and reports from two great labor organizations in the British empire, stating that union labor there still faces the enemy determined and confident of victory, brought enthusiastic cheers from the delegates attending today's session of the 37th annual convention of the American Federation of Labor.

The farmers were represented by A. C. Townley, president of the Farmers' Non-Partisan League and L. V. Strayer, second vice-president of the National Farmers' congress. Emanuel Kovelick, of Rochester, reported on the last annual convention of the Canadian Trades and Labor council, and John Golden, president of the United Textile Workers, and James Lord, president of the mining department of the federation, reported on the meeting of the British trades union congress and the allied labor conference.

"We found," said Mr. Golden, "a people who have held fast to their ideals confident that their sacrifices have not been in vain. Union labor in Great Britain believes that when it is all ended, the gates to greater liberties, greater lives and an enduring democracy will be opened through the world."

"We were assured from what we heard and saw," he continued, "that no matter what the cost in suffering, the armies and the peoples of the allied countries are going on to a victorious conclusion, a victory that will mean the beginning of the end of militarism all over the world."

The committee spent another busy day. Two resolutions having to do with the federation's close relations with the federal government on war work are under consideration. The federation leaders were concerned. Either one of them, it is said, is likely to precipitate a sharp debate on the floor of the convention.

One of the resolutions was introduced by delegates representing the bridge and structural iron workers. The preamble declares that American labor is loyal and determined to use its best efforts to establish and maintain the co-operation of all organized workers to assist the government to carry on the war.

It states that a great amount of the materials necessary for government work is being furnished by the United States Steel corporation and the Bethlehem Steel corporation for work erected by or through firms who are

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### TRIPLE OVER EIGHT MILLION NEEDED TO MEET "W" WAR FUND

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—With two days remaining for the \$55,000,000 war fund campaign of the Young Men's Christian Association, it was announced from the headquarters of the National War Work Council that the grand total of subscriptions raised throughout the United States totaled tonight \$25,585,000.

George W. Perkins, chairman of the finance committee, sent broadcast yesterday to the army of 300,000 workers in the campaign an appeal for extra efforts. The result was a general increase throughout the United States. The eastern department now leads with \$11,206,389 against \$9,754,426 for the central department. The other departments reported as follows:

Northeastern, Boston, \$2,131,885; western, San Francisco, \$948,400; southwestern, Dallas, \$806,000; and southeastern, Atlanta, \$529,048.

The council announced that every member of the faculty of a large negro college in Alabama has subscribed to the fund and that the workers in a sawmill in Alabama and the employees in a match factory in California will give a day's pay.

One hundred thousand boys of the boys' department of the Y. M. C. A. throughout the United States are earning \$10 each or \$1,000,000 in all, which they will present to the fund. After the students of the State College of Iowa had subscribed \$2,400 the members of the faculty voted to give six days' pay each to the fund.

Prescott, Ariz., has to date given \$4 per capita and 5,000 men in Butte, Mont. have subscribed \$10,000.

A message was received today from the members of the war work council who were sent to France to report on the needs of the American soldiers under General Pershing. They called:

"This winter is bound to be a critical time for the thousands of splendid young Americans. For their sake, and in their name, we shall call for volunteers and money to provide them with help and comforts they so richly deserve."

## TRACK RECORDS GOGGING WHEN GLASSY HORSES SET HIGH MARKS; FINE CATTLE ARE SHOWN

### Racing Program

With the presentation of the last and best program of events this afternoon the great Arizona State Fair of 1917 says good bye.

This evening there is to be a big street dance as the culmination of the thirteenth annual state fair. Three bands will play for the dancers and the watching throngs—Governor Cantu's band, the Ray Con band and the Indiana School band. Adams street from Central avenue to First avenue, and First avenue from Adams street to the postoffice will be closed to traffic. The streets will be washed down and swept clean and everyone is invited to come and take part in this big celebration. It is to be made one of the liveliest events of State Fair week, with music and fun for all.

It has been a big show, by far the best ever held in the state or in the southwest, and the people who have come from near and far to witness it have put the seal of approval on the exhibition and have declared it a success.

The mark set by previous fairs in Arizona, and they have been high ones, were all passed with this year's show. It has been a show to be proud of, and Arizona has set an example for other states to pattern their fairs.

Visitors from the east, the middle west and especially from the Pacific coast have declared it to be the biggest show they ever saw at a state fair. There was something doing every minute to interest and amuse the people, and the visitors announced that they would depart filled with pointers about a state fair.

Attendance Records Broken. All attendance records were broken at the closing of the fair yesterday. More than 100,000 people passed through the turnstiles on the opening day than at the first day of any previous Arizona state fair. Also the total attendance was by far the greatest in the history of the fair, 5,500, was completely sold out day after day, and on more than one day there were hundreds of people standing within the track enclosure, and in front of the grandstand, and the grandstand occupying every point of vantage from which they could view the races and the sports.

The Phoenix track record also was broken at the state fair just drawing to a splendid close. The people who attended this fair saw the fastest mile ever trotted west on the Mississippi river. This was on Wednesday, when W. G. Durfee, driving Esperanza, circled the mile track in 2:04.4, an effort to lower the mare's own record of 2:01.

The program of race events of each day brought to Phoenix many of the fastest harness and running horses in the west, and the finish of these races was a constant succession of thrills in the battles for the large purses offered by the Arizona state fair of 1917.

Everything aided in the success of the fair. The weather was perfect, being strictly "Arizona weather," and aside from two minor accidents on the track, nothing occurred to mar the enjoyment of the many thousands of people who attended daily.

Cattle Command Attention. The cattlemen of the Salt River valley were in their element yesterday, as the state fair was given up to livestock exclusively, and they paraded their show stock before the grandstand in really show fashion. Governor Campbell led the procession astride a handsome black, riding a magnificent saddle, and in a manner that showed that the governor is no new hand at the game of horsemanship. Following him was a handsome double driving team, a single driving horse, a Shetland pony, two two-handome Percheron and Clydesdale stallions, driving and general utility horses. The horses were followed by the Ray Consolidated Copper company's band, Commissioner Van Kirk followed the band, horse decorated with pennants of the Kapco cow food, a local product. The Jersey heads led, of course, and they were followed by the Holstein, Bradshaw's herd was decorated with the Star Spangled Banner, then came the brown Swiss and the Arshires, the Guernsey girls followed, and the people of Arizona appreciate the home products. The Bartlett-Heard showing is remarkable for this one fact that they were practically taken out of the field with but a few weeks preparation for the fair. They were led by Native Pride and Lord Avon, the latter being out of the famous herd of Professor Curtis of Ames, Iowa.

Great Racing Program. The racing program yesterday at the Arizona state fair was remarkable in many respects. In the 2:18 trot it was necessary to have six heats in order to decide the winner. In this heat Great Policy beat Guy Boy, the time being 2:14.

The fastest time ever trotted west of the Mississippi was done on the track at the Arizona state fair yesterday afternoon when W. G. Durfee drove Esperanza for a breeder's record, which was 2:04.

The 2:05 pace was exciting from start to finish, as White Sox, with a record of 2:03.4, won first in the three heats run, and she was in the lead throughout the whole mile, the best time being 2:04.4.

The F. P. A. trot was called off. The half-mile 2-year-old running race for a purse of \$100 was won by Fine Feathers in 53 seconds.

The half-mile consolation for a

PROFESSIONAL AUTO RACES. Sanctioned by the International Motor Contest Association, Chicago. Arizona State Fair, Phoenix, Saturday, November 17, 1917.

A. A. Hanson, Chicago, official representative and starter. B. W. Zachary, Phoenix, state representative. Judges—C. F. Pettigale, Arizona Overland Co.; W. E. Ferguson, Harrison-Keefer; Ed. A. Whelan, Kissell Auto Co. Clerks—Chas. Simmons, U. S. Tire Co.; Howard Patterson, McArthur Brothers.

Timmer—T. D. Shaughnessy, Babblitt-Polson; Cal Messner, Mark Dunbar. Technical Committee—Joe Prochaska, Miami; Joe Rice, Bisbee; Shad Boyer, Tucson.

Time trials, distance one mile, flying start for world's championship record. No. Car Driver

11 Hankin .....Claypool  
12 Mercer .....Bowen  
13 DuChesneau .....Henderson  
14 Sweeney Special .....Endicott  
15 Wild Cat .....Young  
16 Hudson .....Breed  
17 Sun Ray .....Lampkin  
18 Benz .....Endicott

\$150 to driver making best time and the Sweeney trophy offered by the Sweeney Auto school of Kansas City valued at \$250 and \$500 if Barney Oldfield's record of 48 seconds, and which is the track record, is broken.

Event No. 2. One-mile exhibition for world's record, by Miss Hazel Nichols, world's champion woman automobile racing driver, in the English Sun Ray car.

Event No. 3. One-mile exhibition race, flying start, between the world's two fastest, highest-powered and most expensive racing cars. The American Blitzen Benz No. 2 which holds the world's straightaway record for one mile in 25.1-5 seconds.

The Flat Submarine, 280 horse power, which holds the 1/4 mile record of 31.3-5 seconds, one mile straightaway of 27.3-5 seconds.

The combine piston displacement of these two cars is 3,500 cubic inches, with an actual horse power rating of 100. These cars represent an investment of \$60,000.

Event No. 4. Two period exhibition between the world's most famous and original American and British Auto Polo teams.

Event No. 5. Bert Klugman, Starter. Twenty-five free for all. Entries restricted to Arizona cars with resident drivers. Purse \$1,000—50 per cent first, 30 per cent second, 10 per cent third.

No. Car Driver  
1 Sweeney .....Endicott  
2 Sun Ray .....Lampkin  
3 Hudson .....Breed  
4 DuChesneau .....Henderson  
5 Wild Cat .....Young

Event No. 6. Special trials for world's records for one to five miles, flying start. Established Records

One mile .....46-1-5 seconds  
Two-mile .....1:22-3-5 "  
Three-mile .....2:27-4-5 "  
Four-mile .....4:12-1-5 "  
Five-mile .....7:40-3-5 "

Event No. 7. Twenty-five mile free for all. Irrespective of piston displacement or motor classification, standing start. Purse \$2,500—50 per cent first, 30 per cent second, 20 per cent third.

No. Car Driver  
1 Sweeney .....Endicott  
2 Sun Ray .....Lampkin  
3 Hudson .....Breed  
4 DuChesneau .....Henderson  
5 Wild Cat .....Young

Blitzen Benz .....Endicott  
Flat Submarine .....Lampkin

Event No. 4. Austrian Pursuit Race—Distance limited to ten miles; four starters handicapped according to time made in time trials. Cars to start on four equal points of the track. As a car is passed it is eliminated from the race.

Event No. 5. Three-cornered match race between the world's three greatest speed kings. Distance three miles, flying start. Purse \$1,000—70 per cent first, 20 per cent second. The Sweeney trophy offered by the Sweeney Tire and Rubber company of Akron, Ohio to the winner.

No. Car Driver  
1 Hudson .....Breed  
2 Sun Ray .....Lampkin  
3 Sweeney .....Endicott

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No. Car Driver  
1 Sweeney .....Endicott  
2 Sun Ray .....Lampkin  
3 Hudson .....Breed  
4 DuChesneau .....Henderson  
5 Wild Cat .....Young

Event No. 8. Two period exhibition between the world's most famous and original American and British Auto Polo teams.

Event No. 9. Bert Klugman, Starter. Twenty-five free for all. Entries restricted to Arizona cars with resident drivers. Purse \$1,000—50 per cent first, 30 per cent second, 10 per cent third.

No. Car Driver  
1 Sweeney .....Endicott  
2 Sun Ray .....Lampkin  
3 Hudson .....Breed  
4 DuChesneau .....Henderson  
5 Wild Cat .....Young

Event No. 10. Special trials for world's records for one to five miles, flying start. Established Records

One mile .....46-1-5 seconds  
Two-mile .....1:22-3-5 "  
Three-mile .....2:27-4-5 "  
Four-mile .....4:12-1-5 "  
Five-mile .....7:40-3-5 "

Event No. 11. Twenty-five mile free for all. Irrespective of piston displacement or motor classification, standing start. Purse \$2,500—50 per cent first, 30 per cent second, 20 per cent third.

No. Car Driver  
1 Sweeney .....Endicott  
2 Sun Ray .....Lampkin  
3 Hudson .....Breed  
4 DuChesneau .....Henderson  
5 Wild Cat .....Young

Event No. 12. Special trials for world's records for one to five miles, flying start. Established Records

One mile .....46-1-5 seconds  
Two-mile .....1:22-3-5 "  
Three-mile .....2:27-4-5 "  
Four-mile .....4:12-1-5 "  
Five-mile .....7:40-3-5 "

## KERENSKY FLEES DISGUISED AS SAILOR AND DUKHONIN IS NOW IN FULL COMMAND

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

The situation in Russia is still clouded by uncertainty, owing to interrupted communication with Petrograd, where at last reports the Bolshevik faction was in control and fighting was in progress in the streets.

A belated dispatch to the Associated Press from Petrograd last Wednesday morning, reiterates that forces of Alexander Kerensky, Premier of the provisional Russian government, met with defeat at the hands of the Bolshevik south of Petrograd, while endeavoring to march upon Tsarskoe-Selo, and were compelled to retreat back to Gatchina, whence they started for the attack.

A more belated communication—dispatched from Petrograd last Tuesday—contained more hopeful news concerning Kiev, where it was said the Cossacks and military cadets had gained control of the city, after considerable fighting, during which the leaders of the reactionaries were arrested. Moscow, however, was partly in the hands of the government contingents holding the central portion of the city and the Bolsheviks its environs. The casualties in Moscow as the result of street fighting were estimated at from 700 to 2,000.

On the Italian front, which is the only theater in the world war where intensive fighting is in progress, the Italians daily continue to stiffen their front from the region of Lake Garda to the Adriatic sea. Nowhere have the Teutonic allies been able to penetrate their front for new gains of great importance. On the other hand their attacks have met with fierce resistance and ultimate repulse, except in the north, where the town of Cison on the east bank of the Breno river and several positions have been taken by the invaders.

All along the Piave a furious artillery action is in progress and Italian airplanes again have come into the fray and are doing notable work dropping bombs on the enemy lines.

To the south, near the mouth of the Piave, in the region known as the "Holland of Italy," Italian engineers have opened the dikes against the enemy forces, which crosses the stream at Grisolo, who possibly have been trapped by the rush of the water. The inundation will make harder the task of the enemy in bringing up guns with which to shell Venice from the northeast.

The British in Palestine continue to press forward against the Turks. They have reached a point three miles south of Jaffa and are meeting with only slight resistance. Since the operations began October 31, more than 8,000 Turks have been made prisoners.

A new French cabinet has been formed under the leadership of Georges Clemenceau, one of France's most virile statesmen. M. Clemenceau in addition to his post as premier, has assumed the portfolio of minister of war.

Kerensky in Flight. PETROGRAD, Nov. 16.—General Dukhonin has assumed temporarily the post of commander-in-chief of the Kerensky forces following the disappearance of Premier Kerensky, who is reported to have fled, disguised as a sailor.

General Krasnoff, arrested with other members of Kerensky's staff has been released on the ground that he was only obeying the orders of his superior.

Premier Kerensky when told that his officers were against him and the men were at the point of deserting, agreed to come to Petrograd, but while en route was being arranged he disappeared.

Premier Kerensky's forces which advanced from Gatchina to Tsarskoe-Selo have been defeated by the workmen and soldiers' forces between Tsarskoe-Selo and Petrograd, 12 miles from Petrograd. The Kerensky contingents have retreated to Gatchina.

Seven thousand military cadets and three thousand troops are besieged in the Kremlin at Moscow by 15,000 Bolsheviks who are barring the ancient walls and buildings with heavy artillery.

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## AMERICA SHOULD DECLARE WAR AGAINST AUSTRIA AND TURKEY

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 16.—Theodore Roosevelt, in an address here tonight declared that to "ruke the world safe for democracy" demands an immediate declaration of war by this country against Austria and Turkey. He urged that the United States take some action toward establishing a permanent policy of preparedness and compared pacifists and pro-Germans to disintegrating forces in Russia.

"We announced that our purpose was to make the world safe for democracy," said Colonel Roosevelt. "This pledged us to immense sacrifices in a hard and dangerous crusade, immensely righteous, but for an object in which our own concern was slight. Our grievance was against Germany, but a pledge to make the world safe for democracy is a solemn engagement to smash the two nations which most conspicuously make democracy unsafe within their own borders, Austria and Turkey."

"This war has shown that Austria has become a subject ally of Germany and an enemy of freedom and civilization. Unless we resolutely intend to break up both Austria and Turkey and insist on liberty for the subject races in the two countries our talk about 'making the world safe for democracy' is a sham."

Colonel Roosevelt compared the agitators of the Industrial Workers of the World and Germanized American socialists to the forces of anarchy and despotism in Russia, who, he said, under the leadership of demagogues and sinister or impractical doctrines, become the worst foes of liberty and democracy.

"These men," he declared, "are of precisely the same type as the men who seek to tear free Russia to pieces, whose excesses and follies have thrown great tracts of her territory under the feet of the German aggressor, and who continuously threaten either to render her a by-word of failure or else to re-enthrone some of the old tyrants. Let us shut our eyes no longer to the plague, both the white terror of reaction and the red terror of revolution."

Prior to his address, Colonel Roosevelt reviewed the Princeton undergraduate battalion.

Minnesota Loyal To Government In Carrying on War

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 16.—As a demonstration of the loyalty of Minnesota and the whole northwest, 8,000 persons representing every county of this state and other commonwealths of the territory gathered in the auditorium here and affirmed their purpose to stand back of the government in its prosecution of the war against Germany. The audience, through the passage of a resolution, affirmed its determination to see the war through to a successful conclusion and pledged its support in "deeds, sacrifices and service."

T. P. O'Connor, Irish member of the British parliament, speaking as a guest, the loyalty of the great northwest. If it were possible it should gladly be with you. You have come together as representatives of that western empire in which the sons of all sections of America and of the stocks of all the nations of Europe have made the prairie and the forest the home of a new race and the temple of a new faith.

"The time has come when that home must be protected and that faith affirmed in deeds. Sacrifice and service must come from every class, every profession, every party, every race, every creed, every section. This is not a bankers' war or a farmers' war, or a manufacturers' war, or a laboring man's war—it is a war for every straight-out American whether our flag be his by birth or by adoption. We are today a nation in arms, and we must fight, farm, mine and manufacture, conserve food and fuel, save and spend to the one common purpose."

It is to the great northwest that the nation looks as once before in critical days for the steadiness of purpose and firmness of determination which shall see this struggle through to a decision that shall make the masters of Germany see the day they unmasked their purpose and challenge our republic."

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Opera Artists Stop Panic When Bomb Found in Theater

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

CHICAGO, Nov. 16.—A bomb, a length of lead pipe filled with black powder and with a fuse lighted, was placed tonight in front of the main floor of the Auditorium theater just as the performance of Dinorah was begun. A half hour later, just before the end of the first act, a flame shot up from the bomb, the occupants of the seats on that floor of the building surged in panic toward the exits and Galli-Curci, aided by the artists of the Chicago Grand Opera company, started The Star Spangled Banner, the audience joined in the first act, while Galli-Curci was singing a Breton folk song. Nearly one-third of the patrons left their seats.

Galli-Curci led in the singing of the national anthem, the patrons joining in the chorus. The bomb was found near the close of the first act, when I saw a little burst of flame under the seat. This seat, which was on the aisle, had been occupied by a man in evening clothes, who was sitting next to me.

The bomb was taken for investigation, by officials of the fire department and federal agents at once began an effort to learn who placed it in the building.

Whether it was intended as a protest against the extravagance of grand opera, the rich gowns and jewels of the theater-goers and the high salaries of the artists, or whether it was a demonstration of an enemy alien's frightfulness could not be learned tonight.

Two women who occupied seats near where the flames flared up, told Horton Claiborn of the federal department of justice that three men of marked German appearance had sat near them and had left soon after the auditorium was darkened.

An effort is being made to learn to whom the seats were sold. An incipient panic which followed an unexplained burst of flame was stilled by Director Campanini swinging the orchestra into "The Star Spangled Banner."

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## VON KLEINSMIDTS PRESIDENT OF LEAGUE OF SOUTHWEST

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Nov. 16.—The first convention of the League of the Southwest, organized here yesterday to promote industrial and social relations of the southwestern states, closed today. Dr. R. B. von Kleinsmidt, president of the University of Arizona, was elected president. Vice presidents chosen included Governor Simon E. Benson of Utah, Governor Julius C. Gunter of Colorado, and Governor William D. Stephens of California.

Resolutions were adopted urging that the construction of highways in the southwest be exempted from the war industries board order prohibiting shipment of many materials in open-top cars; asking for congressional aid in controlling the Colorado river flood problem, and encouragement of Spanish-Americans to enlist in the service of the United States.

Governor Gunter of Colorado inspired the resolution regarding enlistment. He said that his state included 300,000 Spanish-Americans, whom he regarded as part of the finest citizenship of the southwest, and said it should be the purpose of the leading members and all other patriots to stimulate enlistment among these people, and to warn nondescript factions below the Mexican border that they would not find any sympathy or aid in American territory.

Henry Ford Lands Talent To Build Merchant Fleet

[Republican A. P. Leased Wire]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Henry Ford joined the staff of the shipping board today to lend his talent for standardization of production in speeding up the building of a merchant fleet. He was made a special assistant to Charles P. Leach, vice-president of the board's emergency fleet corporation.

Mr. Ford will begin work next week, and will spend most of his time in Washington. His particular task will be to introduce into shipbuilding the multiple production methods he has used with such

marked success in producing automobiles. He will give special attention to organizing the manufacture of ship parts.

Already Mr. Ford has begun to turn over to the government the facilities of his plant at Detroit for the manufacture of war materials. His factory is now making 2,500 airplane cylinders, is turning out a large number of parts for liberty motor trucks, and soon will be put to making equipment for merchant ships.

The fleet corporation is undergoing a complete re-organization with widely known business men in charge of its chief departments.

## Daily Program

(Automobile Day)  
1:00 p. m.—The auto races start. Some of the fastest cars ever driven will be shown on the State Fair track today.

Between the auto races will be the finals on women's riding contests, the finals on bulldozing. Two steers instead of one will be used in the finals.

2:00 p. m.—The wild horse riding

will be thrilling as Leonard Stroud, the greatest trick rider in the world will pull off some stunts.

3:00 p. m.—Doc. Pardee will give an exhibition of riding a wild steer facing backwards.

4:00 p. m.—Ed Dooley will give an entirely new stunt. Something with a real thrill to it.

8:00 p. m.—Street carnival on Adams street and First avenue.

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